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Williams

The date is 15 December, 1998. We are interviewing Mr. Jim Pryde. With me is Yolande Dickerson. I am Jeanette Williams. We are in the home of Mr. Pryde

and this is interview number 26. Mr. Pryde, thank you for having us. What we'd like to do is start off with a little bit about your background, how did you come to be at the Agency, when did you come to the Agency, and please, just talk freely. [EDITOR'S NOTE: this is actually OH-1998-26.]

Pryde

OK.

Williams

I'm going to pull this up so I...so you can have it.

Pryde

OK. Do you want to check to make sure you're on then?

Williams

I'm fine.

Pryde

OK.

Williams

OK.

Prvde

(TR Note: Speaker extremely overdriven) I came to the Agency from a job I had while I was going to college at St. Elizabeth's Hospital. I arrived at the Agency in 1950. I worked for "213" which at that time was the (XG/Overdriven), with a thing called (1G).

Williams

Right.

Pryde

Since it was in 1950, they say that they didn't understand how laws would allow (1G), Maryland would allow (1-2G) discrimination, so one of the things that was interesting was if you rode the bus to work, you had to go sit on the back of the bus in Washington D.C. to ride out to...

Williams

Arlington.

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Pryde

Arlington Hall Station.

Williams

Right.

Pryde

There were simply no jobs for quote "Colored Folk", I've retired... I usually give a little speech to uh, the history week and I told everybody, I've been "Colored, Black, African American, Afro-American", and I haven't changed colors yet. (TR Note: Laughter). I spent about a year in "213" and they came and ask me if knew morse code, which I did; something I learned during World War II as a flyer in "477th Bomb Group". So I was sent to a single room myself and I would get about ten tapes a day to read through and transcribe. I guess they would tell you what the subject was, cause I don't know whether (1-2G) or not. They were undulator tapes. Then I spent 2 and a half years or so working in the 1st (1G) outfit, in the collection role, doing (1G) for...

Williams

Go ahead, go ahead. That's all right, go ahead.

Pryde

OK. After that, I went to the, I guess it was (1G), where I worked closer to staff folks and an O4 on the APC's guided missile (1-2G) committee member and at the same time I was the Agency's member of the scientific intelligence committee, communications sub-committee. From there I went to a job in the pentagon working for (1G), as the Chiefof defense, ASDI, I'm not sure what they call him these days. I came back to the job as the DeputyChief of the (2-3G) division, moved up to the Chief of, (B% mathmatic) division, division over in uh, the space program for "O4". From there I went to a job in uh, another job downtown to be the Deputy (TR Note: Corrects) be the Director's aid in the pentagon. Came back with the Director of DEFSMAC, and after that the Chief, Deputy Chief of "M", which was, at that time, Personnel Security etc.... I called them the "cats and dogs" of the Agency.

Williams

Mr. Pryde, can we go back to the "213".

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

Now, that's very interesting. Did you know a Bill Jones? He... there was an oral interview...

Prvde

Yes, I knew Bill.

Williams

OK, Bill Jones was in "213" as well.

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

Now was that, ASA, ASA "213" or ...

Pryde

No it was AFSA 213.

Williams

AFSA 213. OK. And who was the, do you remember who was the Chief of that organization?

Pryde

(XB).

Williams

Was he white or black?

Pryde

White. The Deputy Chief was Jenkins Johnson.

Williams

Right. OK, and was he...I didn't know him, was he white or black?

Pryde

No, he was black.

Williams

OK Is he deceased

Dickerson

Uh-uh (TR Note: Speaker replies negatively).

Williams

And that's where most of the black people came?

Prvde

They either worked there or in the basement in the... it was where the... (1-2G) came in the computer, punching.

Williams

Key Punch?

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

OK. All right. How large was "213"?

Pryde

"213" was about uh... I think about 150 people.

Williams

OK. Do you remember any of the other names that were in "213" with you?

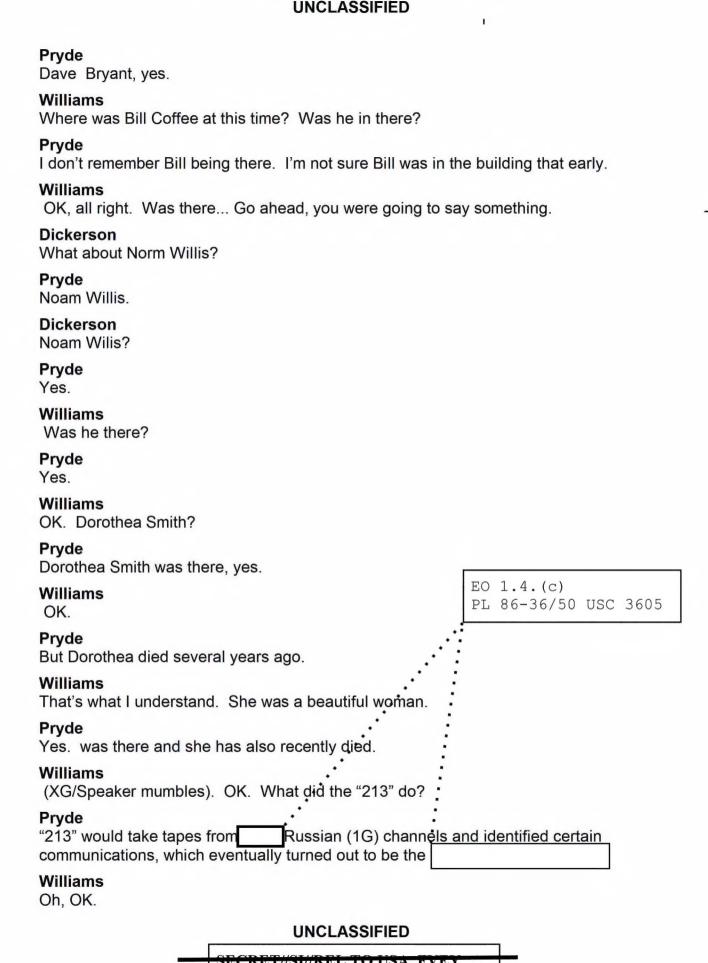
Pryde

Lets see... Iris Carr.

Williams

Dave Bryant

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Pryde

And (2G), but that's all they got to do. They couldn't analyze the traffic, all we could do was look at the addresses and determine whether or not it was a tape that should go some place else.

Williams

OK, OK. So did they, where they able to pick out key words to help...

Pryde

No. They had an address.

Williams

Address.

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

OK. Do you know any... Was Jack Gurin part of this group or did he...

Prvde

Say again please.

Williams

Jack, J-A-C-K, Gurin G-U-R-I-N (TR Note: Speaker spells the name).

Pryde

No, Jack was a part of the group who got the tapes. He was not in "213".

Williams

OK, so 213 wasn't part of his organization.

Pryde

No.

Williams

OK. Is that the first place that you know of that, where blacks where assigned? Is that your earliest memory or understanding?

Prvde

No. In the building?

Williams

Yes.

Prvde

No, I can't go back any further in the building, but during World War II, I signed up to be a Tuskeegee Airman, all black.

Williams

Right.

Prvde

A few names, General... I'll think of his name in a minute. His first uh...He was the first Air Force Lieutenant, Captain, Major, Colonel, and General and at that time, as I told

you earlier, it was not just the spirit of the land, it was the law of the land, that "Colored Folks" would be separate.

Williams

Right. So, when you were a Tuskeegee Airman did you have any connection with intelligence at all?

Pryde

No, no. We just went off to fight the war.

Williams

OK. So "213" is your earliest recollection of "Black Folks" connected to what was, what became NSA?

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

OK.

Pryde

"213" was actually the place where I worked when I entered the Agency itself. During the time that I was waiting to be cleared I worked at the Naval Security Station, and it was also "black" by the way.

Williams

What'd you do there?

Pryde

I separated code books.

Williams

OK. How did you get... I know from my memory of you, you were heavily involved in telemetry and... How did you acquire those skills? How did you go into that technical arena?

Pryde

Well, I had good communications information when I got there. I'd been trained as a radio operator during World War II so I knew electronics.

Williams

I see.

Pryde

I went from there to the scientific intelligence sub-committee on electronics and from there I just have... I learned the telemetry business. Telemetry is fairly simple. You see a lot of it around now in hospitals. All they are really doing is taking data at one point and communicating it someplace else.

Williams

Mr. Pryde, when you were in the "213" or, what did you call it "213"?

Pryde

"213", yes.

Williams

When you were in "213", was there any... Did managers come to you and tell yo how you could get out of that group or advance or... How did you get out of "213"?

Pryde

There were advancements within "213", but at that time there were no advancements out of "213". I was there a year when they came to ask me if I could still remember morse code and that's how I got out eventually, into my own room. (TR Note: Laughter)... In "211".

Williams

In "211".

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

Now, you said there were separate hours to eat lunch?

Pryde

Yes.

Dickerson

Tell us about those conditions

Pryde

Oh the conditions weren't all that bad because at that time we were fairly used to being separated, but now I think it's terrible, but at that time it wasn't bad...

Dickerson

That was normal.

Prvde

Yes. It was expected, I wouldn't say it's normal.

Williams

Where there clubs or... The Agency has lots of clubs and activities now?

Pryde

We didn't have any in those days.

Williams

Didn't have any?

Prvde

No.

Williams

Not for whites or blacks?

Pryde

I can't say that for sure but there was nothing pub... there were no public clubs in the Agency.

Williams

OK. Did we have a News letter or anything like that?

Pryde No. Williams OK. Now when you were interviewed to come into the Agency, was... Where you interviewed? **Pryde** Yes.

Williams

And that was in Washington or?

Pryde

No, I was interviewed at Arlington Halll Station.

Williams

At Arlington Hall Station.

Prvde

Yes.

Williams

And were you polygraphed?

Pryde

No.

Williams

No. That was before polygraphs.

Pryde

Well not quite. My first polygraph was in 1984 or (1985.

Williams

No!

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

You weren't polygraphed?

Pryde

I was not polygraphed.

Williams

Why was that?

Pryde

I really just think they didn't bother to polygraph poor black folk.

Williams

Would you say the whites were polygraphed when they came in? Did you lknow?

Pryde

Yes.

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Uh-huh. We interviewed Ray Weir yesterday.

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

Do you know Ray?

Pryde

Yes I know Ray. I'm pleased to hear he's still with us.

Williams

Yes and very sharp, very interesting interview. But, he said he was the first black polygrapher, not only at NSA but in the world.

Pryde

That's probably true.

Williams

And it may be that Ray wasn't onboard when you came onboard. I don't know.

Pryde

(3-4G) before me.

Williams

Yes sir. OK. You were very interested in this project Mr. Pryde. Tell us in your words why you think, uh, what's spurring your interest.

Pryde

OK. My interest is two-fold; One, to get some recognition for the black, African American Folk who decided that they never wanted anything to do with the Agency because they would think they've had a bad time there, and secondly, to let, just let everybody know that the African American people do do useful things in the building and things that probably couldn't have been done without them. So I want to help to (1G) raise the (1G) for the African Americans to come back to the building or come back to the social activities of the museum. Whenever I worked at (TR Note: Stutters) the other (1G) recognize that there was major African American participation in the growth of the Agency.

Williams

You've talked about, they were, people in "213" were scanning tapes which later turned out to be information.

Pryde

Yes.

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So they initially identified these...

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Prvde

No I think they would issue a list of addresses.

Williams

Williams

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OK.

Pryde

Most of the people in "213" went to broke it up.

Williams

OK. You talk about contributions of black folk. Can you, at least in some general terms, not getting too classified, talk about some of them that you know of that you think were significant, that should be highlighted and should be remembered?

Pryde

Lets see, I'm having a hard time with names today.

Williams

I have a hard times with names every day.

Pryde

Lets see, one of the people that I would say to you, Oscar Collins, that's the name I'm trying to remember. Oscar did a lot of good work in "A" group and then went on to, into GVA, or whatever it's called today.

Williams

GVA at that time right. OK. He's someone we should talk to.

Pryde

Iris Carr did some very good work in keeping morale up in "213".

Williams

Is that right?

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

Morale was not good sir?

Pryde

Morale was not good.

Williams

Is that because of the segregated conditions or the work was boring, or...

Prvde

The work was boring and everybody was segregated. Segregation didn't end until the... Truman had said there should be no more segregation in the military.

Williams

Uh-huh. And people went into "213", it didn't matter what your educational level was or experience or whatever. If you were brown, that's where you went.

Prvde

That's right. That's correct. That's where you went.

Williams

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What about training? Was there training or, other than giving you a list of addresses, you know to (2-3B by next speaker).

Prvde

I wouldn't consider that training. There was no actual training.

Williams

Right. There was no Iraining.

Pryde

No. For training, you had to have some hope of going some place else. At that time, "213" was about the only place you could go unless you were to go down to the basement to the "key punch".

Williams

So, when "213" was broken up, because these people had recognized the addresses belonging to that's where they just migrated to.

Pryde

No, that's where they were sent because they knew (2-3G) they knew some of the material that they'd been working on all of this time.

Williams

OK.

Dickerson

Mr. Pryde, did anyone initiate any training on their own? Did they... Anyone decide to go to training at the recommendation of the Agency, because they wanted to?

Pryde

I'm sure that people went for more education, not sponsored by the Agency staff I know. I don't know what the Agency's record was in those days of sponsoring education for people in "213".

Williams

You talked about the public transportation being segregated, the cafeteria segregating eating hours. Was there a Med Center? Do you remember a medical facility?

Prvde

I don't remember one.

Williams

OK. There was overt discrimination.

Prvde

Yes, and it was legal.

Williams

And it was legal.

Pryde

That's an important point to remember.

Williams

Did the personnel, did you have personnel bulletins and was there ever anything that

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overtly said, you know, whites or blacks or, in personnel.

Pryde

It might have, but uh, some boards were "white only", some boards were "Colored".

Williams

Is that right?

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

(1G) boards or...

Pryde

(1G) boards, yes.

Williams

Is that right? At Arlington Hall.

Pryde

At Arlington Hall Station, yes.

Williams

Were there any whites in "213"?

Pryde

One. The Army Major who was the boss of "213". Jim Krome was his name.

Williams

We got a name!

Dickerson

Uh-huh.

Williams

Do you know if he's still around, sir?

Prvde

I don't think so, 'cause he was an older fellow when I first got to "213".

Williams

OK. Those are most of the questions that we have here, sir. How are we doing on tape?

Dickerson

What I wanted to ask Mr. Pryde, when did people at Arlington Hall moved to the Agency, where it is today; what was the mode of transportation. I know that many of them did not have transportation, travelling back and forth from Fort Meade to D.C.

Pryde: Lets see, I think there used to be a bus from D.C., from Arlington Hall to Fort Meade.

Williams

Yep, I took that bus. Mr. Pryde, did you ever hear the term "Black Friday"? There is a

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story going around that, and I don't know if it was "213", it doesn't sound like it was "213". There's a story going around that there was a group of black folk that were assigned to read Russian plain-text traffic.

Pryde

Yep.

Dickerson

And they gave that traffic to black folk because the feeling was that if it was important, they would encrypt it, right, so there wasn't important (2-3B by next speaker)

Prvde

Uh-Huh.

Williams

And then, the Russians changed their cipher system and the only thing that was being read was the plain-text and that's what the black people were assigned and the Agency was in a quandary; "What'll we do?" and that was called "Black Friday". Do you know anything about this?

Prvde

I remember the (1G), but I've never heard the term "Black Friday".

Williams

OK.

Pryde

But then I wouldn't have been in the position to hear it anyway.

Williams: Right.

Prvde

And nobody's gonna admit to it.

Dickerson

Uh-huh. OK. What about black people working at the Armory back in the early 50's and 40's and the term being used as the General's Boy.

Prvde

At the Armory?

Williams

Uh-huh, the Washington D.C. Armory.

Pryde

I never knew of that one. The training schools were Annex "S" down on main street). I didn't know they had any people at the D.C. Armory, ever.

Dickerson

OK.

Prvde

Do you have any idea who might have been in that group?

Dickerson

mother worked at the Agency during that time. I don't know her name but

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She's deceased now, but she would have been around 80, 85.

Pryde

Uh-huh.

Dickerson

And she said that's where her mother initially worked.

Williams

Was Clem Acquiillea in your group, "213", too?

Pryde

No, Clem Acquilla) (2-3G) (TR Note: End of cut).

Williams

OK. 'cause she said she was hired in '51 and she spent... maybe '52, she spent a little bit of time at Arlington Hall and then she moved out with the Agency.

Dickerson

Who was your... Who was the Director at the time?

Pryde

(1G) somebody.

Williams

You don't remember.

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

Ok. Anything else you want to tell us, Mr. Pryde? Off the top of your head, talk about?

Prvde

I guess I can understand that it discontented some of the black folk, but I had a ball during my adult years.

Williams

I know you did, and you were well rewarded.

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

You had a very successful career.

Pryde

And I'm still (1G) at the Agency. I'm on the museum board.

Williams

Good for you!

Pryde

Have you been to the museum?

Williams

I have, several times.

Pryde

Thank you! (2-3G).

Williams

OK, I will. This is the 5th anniversary of the museum. But I have often... I'll go to the museum or I'll see the exhibits in the lobby as you come into the building...

Pryde

Uh-huh.

Williams

And there's no evidence of black folk's involvement in the Agency.

Pryde

That's why I'm giving this interview today.

Williams

That's right, that's right and before I took this assignment, I've wondered about that and so I'm learning a lot. It's really interesting.

Pryde

The Agency had the same problems that the whole nation had, at the same times. Until the president said there shall be no further discrimination in the military, the Agency discriminated...

Williams

Mr. Pryde, when it moved out to... I remember when I came out to Maryland in 1964, it was still more like a southern town. The Laurel area was more like a southern town.

Pryde

Yep.

Williams

And, so, you didn't think about moving to a location near the Agency, did you?

Pryde

No I didn't but during that time I lived with two other guys, both white. Walter Marshall and Hank DeCourt. There was one time that a series of beatings went on, (2G) and other places would actually just turn me away. They were put on the list of "no soldiers", which meant that they'd make no money until they changed.

Williams

Oh, is that right?

Prvde

Yes. One of the things that the military could do was (2-3G) just by saying, define them as "off limits" to our soldiers. That happened when I went to (1G). I went to a hotel there and they wouldn't serve me and it was put "off limits". And "off limits" means more than just telling people they can't come, it means that periodically, an MP would stroll through just to see who was there. And that took care of a lot of problems of integration.

Williams

So Mr. Pryde, when you moved out to Fort Meade, when you moved out to Fort Meade,

and you did this with Hank De Court and the other gentleman.

Pryde

Walter Marshall.

Williams

Walter Marshall. You were a civilian...

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

And you went with them and they, some of these places turned you away...

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

And you put this...

Pryde

I told the base places that wouldn't serve me.

Williams

To the Fort Meade people?

Prvde

No. To the, I've forgotten the place, it was in NSA, however.

Williams

Oh it was NSA?

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

Is that right?

Pryde

Yes. And then they turned it over the military to enforce.

Williams

What year was that, sir?

Pryde

19... I was in the first bunch of people who went to the new building.

Williams

So it was probably '54, '55?

Pryde

Yes.

Dickerson

'55, uh-huh.

Dickerson

Do yo remember any of the places?

Pryde

Yes.

Williams

(2-3G)?

Pryde

No. The "Stage Coach", I think it was the "Stage Coach Bar", right below...

Williams

Now in existence.

Prvde

Yes.

Williams

What about "Hinckle's"?

Pryde

"Hinckle's" I never got down to. In fact, "Hinckle's" didn't start out about until uh, about five years after I'd been there.

Williams

OK. Isn't that interesting? So, these places, did they find out that they were on this list?

Pryde

Oh, they had a big sign on the window that says "OFF LIMITS".

Williams

Is that right. So, that changed the policies for some?

Pryde

That changed the policies going down "198".

Dickerson

Mr. Pryde, after the de-segregation of the military, and you moved out to the Agency, how was recruiting done, as far as college level black civilians? Or were there?

Pryde

There was uh... (2G) one person on "M" staff who went to the predominantly minority schools to try and hire people. When they got to the point where there were lots of minority graduates, they had a choice of coming to NSA for some money, or going to NSA's contractors for a lot of money and they went for a lot of money, for the most part. But (B% a huge) part in getting minorities into NSA was that you had a state-wide (2-3G) when something like that comes out. We went through one period where "M5" wouldn't allow anybody who'd had used even soft drugs before the age of 15 to come in. We got that changed but we had to go to it being that if you had used soft drugs before the age of 18 you were, they were permitted to allow you to stay in the funnel but you had to be willing to take a lie detector test whenever they ask for it.

Williams

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Are there any other name you think we should... people that we should interview, you know you talked about Oscar Collins...

Pryde

No, but if I can think of any, can I call you?

Williams

Oh yes. Do you have our numbers Yolande?

Dickerson

No, I'm sorry.

Williams

We'll write it down for you.

Pryde

OK.

Williams

Our number. We should have business cards.

Dickerson

Yes, we should have.

Williams

I do have business cards, I just never carry them.

Pryde

Shame on you.

Williams

I know, I know. OK. Mr. Pryde, if yo can think of any significant work that blacks did during the time of the 40's-55 that you think that we should know about, could you let us know? Anything of significance, that you can tell us.

Prvde

You are black. I can tell you anything.

Williams

That's right, that's right. But if you think of anything... And it would also be helpful, Mr. Pryde, if you would, as your talking to people, encourage them to call us, get in touch with us.

Pryde

I will be very happy to do that, although I will tell you that I have been unsuccessful at getting people to take advantage of the Phoenix Society. It's being paid for, you may as well enjoy some of the things they do.

Williams Oh, I talked to	this morning.				
Pryde Yes, how is		PL	86-36/50	USC	3605
Williams					

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And said "please", oh she's great. She said "please give my best to Mr. Pryde and she's really active in the Phoenix Society.
Pryde I hired
Williams Did you really?
Pryde Yes. PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
Williams She's a dear friend of mine.
Prvde
must still be in Ski season, I haven't seen a lot of her.
Williams She's just back She came back Sunday from the mountain.
Pryde :
Williams She came back Sunday. She's going home for the holidays and she's taking Jan She'll be home in the Washington area for January and then February till about early April skiing. She's had a good life.
Pryde Yep. Most of us have had a good life.
Williams Yes, yes, Yolande and I were just talking about this. I feel very fortunate, we feel very fortunate for what we've been able to do.
Pryde Uh-huh.
Williams We really do. OK. We want to
Pryde Even if some of us were not very happy, we got more than we would have gotten any place else.
Williams You're absolutely right. OK. I did all that talking and (TR Note: Cut ends here).